

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/711,588	09/27/2004	Henk W. M. Boelaars	2255.0	5587	
<sup>9748</sup> LAITRAM, L.I	7590 04/30/200 L.C.	EXAMINER			
LEGAL DEPA	RTMENT		NICHOLSON III, LESLIE AUGUST		
220 LAITRAM LANE HARAHAN, LA 70123			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3651		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/30/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/711,588	BOELAARS, HENK W. M.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Leslie A. Nicholson III	3651			
T	he MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	'IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(	S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS			
WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO peri - Failure to Any reply	EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA so of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. od for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, received by the Office later than three months after the mailing stent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. sely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠ Re	sponsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ap	<u>oril 2007</u> .				
2a)□ Th	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
clo	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition	of Claims					
4)⊠ Cla	aim(s) <u>1-40</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a)	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Cla	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>32-36</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Cla	aim(s) <u>1-8,10-14,18-31,37-40</u> is/are rejected.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	aim(s) <u>9 and 15-17</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Cla	aim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application	Papers					
9)[]] The	e specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Ар	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Re	placement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) 🔲 The	e oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119					
•	knowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		i-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2.[		• •				
ა.[	Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
			<b>~</b>			
Attachment(s)						
	References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) Informati	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 3651

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-40 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's arguments, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) under Goldinger in view of Arscott have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made. See ¶4.

# Allowable Subject Matter

2. Claims 32-36 are allowed.

Claims 9,15-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: it is not obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to combine means for selectively raising and lowering the roller-top belt relative to the main conveyor with the prior art of record.

Art Unit: 3651

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1,2,5,7,8,10,11,18-27,29-31,37-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnet USP 5,984,078 in view of Arscott USP 4,231,469.

Bonnet discloses a conveyor system comprising a main conveyor (12) and at least one cross conveyor (18,20) disposed along the main conveying path and intersecting and passing through the main conveyor (fig.1) and sensors (54). Bonnet does not expressly disclose the cross conveyor comprising a roller-top belt having a plurality of rollers and having axles, a bi-directional drive engaging the roller-top belt, the drive for the roller-top belt including sprocket sets on opposite sides of the main conveyor, or a wear surface.

Arscott teaches a roller-top belt having a plurality of rollers and having axles (fig.5,6), a bi-directional drive engaging the roller-top belt (described by directions 3,3') (C3/L10-13), the drive for the roller-top belt including sprocket sets on opposite sides of the main conveyor (inherent, if not disclosed), and a wear surface (C3/L50-56) for the purpose of providing a clean positive entry or exit of products entering sideways and being discharged sideways (C3/L45-56).

At the time of invention it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ a roller-top belt having a plurality of rollers and having axles, a biArt Unit: 3651

directional drive engaging the roller-top belt, the drive for the roller-top belt including sprocket sets on opposite sides of the main conveyor, and a wear surface, as taught by Arscott, in the device of Bonnet, for the purpose of providing a clean positive entry or exit of products entering sideways and being discharged sideways.

Page 4

5. Claims 3,4,6,12-14,28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnet USP 5,984,078 in view of Arscott USP 4,231,469 further in view of Adama USP 4,598,815.

Bonnet discloses all the limitations of the claim, but does not expressly disclose the main conveyor comprising a series of endless belt loops along the main conveying path separated by a gap, the main conveyor belt defining a conveying plane along a major portion of the main conveying path and disposed below the cross conveyor along a minor portion, or the article-supporting surface slightly above the main conveying plane when the drive is driving the roller-top belt.

Adama teaches the main conveyor comprising a series of endless belt loops along the main conveying path separated by a gap, the main conveyor belt defining a conveying plane along a major portion of the main conveying path and disposed below the cross conveyor along a minor portion (at least fig.3) for the purpose of the main conveyor belt moving continuously from the upstream side to the downstream side (C7/L26-36).

At the time of invention it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ the main conveyor with a series of endless belt loops along the main

Page 5

Art Unit: 3651

conveying path separated by a gap, the main conveyor belt defining a conveying plane along a major portion of the main conveying path and disposed below the cross conveyor along a minor portion, as taught by Adama, in the device of Bonnet, for the purpose of the main conveyor belt moving continuously from the upstream side to the downstream side.

Adama teaches the article-supporting surface slightly above the main conveying plane when the drive is driving the roller-top belt for the purpose of creating a diversion of conveyed articles (C8/L23-48).

At the time of invention it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have the article-supporting surface slightly above the main conveying plane when the drive is driving the roller-top belt, as taught by Adama, in the device of Bonnet, for the purpose of creating a diversion of conveyed articles.

#### Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leslie A. Nicholson III whose telephone number is 571-272-5487. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 AM - 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gene Crawford can be reached on 571-272-6911. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/711,588 Page 6

Art Unit: 3651

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

L.N. 4/25/2007

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER